

meatup FORUM

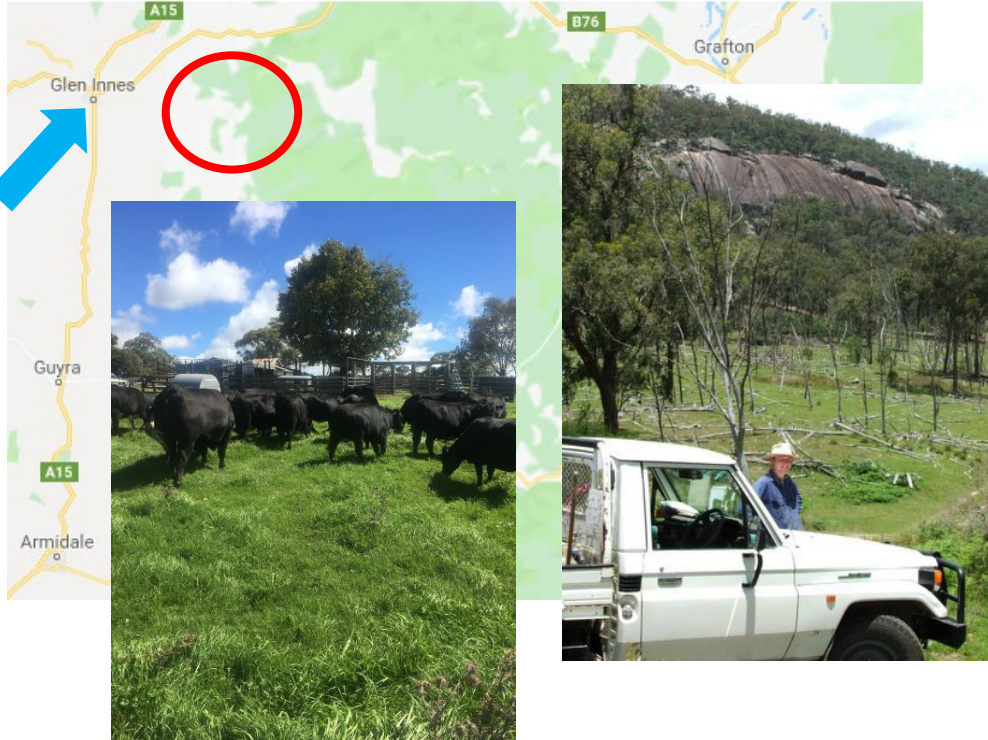
For the latest in red meat R&D

Improving within-breed genetic evaluation and developing multi-breed genetic evaluation with the Southern Multi-Breed Project

Brad Walmsley

Animal Breeding and Genetics Unit

Brad Walmsley



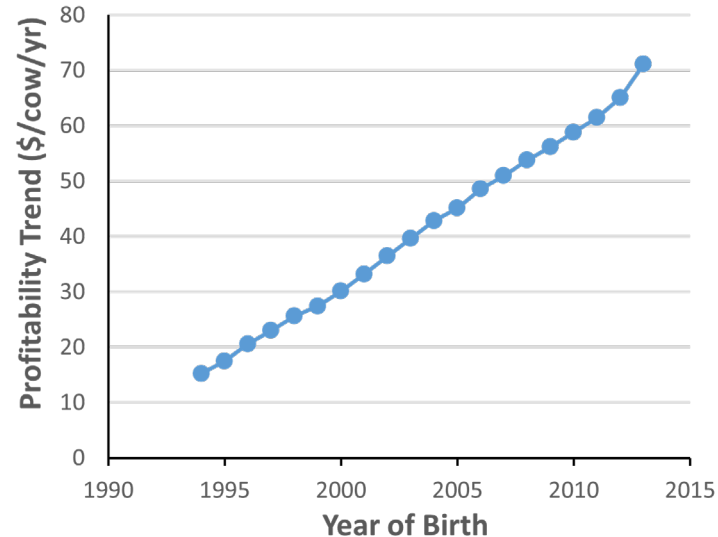
- B. Rural Science - UNE
- Phd
- Responsibilities:
 - BreedObject \$Indexes
 - Southern Multi-breed
 - Other things

Commercial Profit

$$\text{Profit} = \text{Income} - \text{Costs}$$

- As driven by genetics

Value of Genetic Improvement - South



Up to 2014:
~\$2.83 / cow / yr

Most recent:
~\$4.00 / cow / yr

Best:
>\$5.00 / cow / yr

Improving within-breed genetic evaluation and developing multi-breed genetic evaluation with the Southern Multi-Breed Project

Improving genetic evaluation

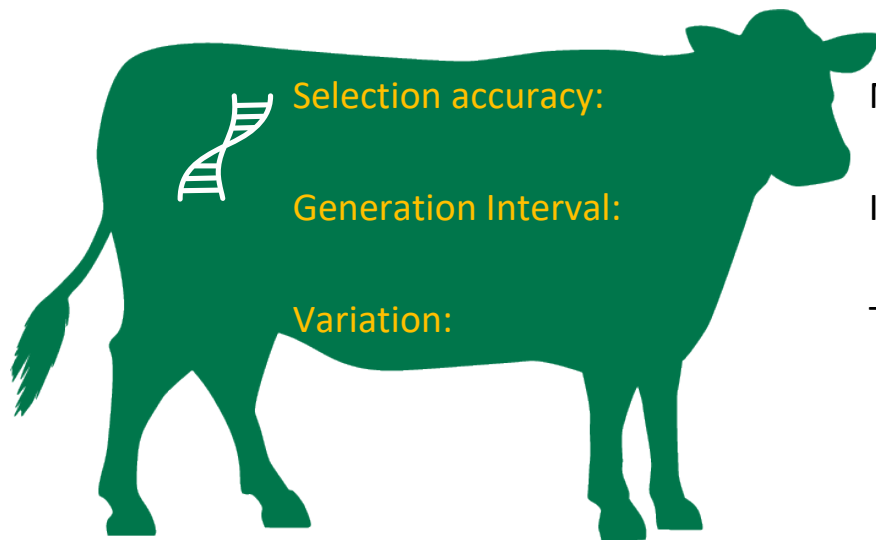
What drives genetic progress?

$$\text{Response} = \frac{\text{selection intensity} \times \text{selection accuracy}}{\text{generation interval}} \text{Variation}$$

- pick only the best - intensity ←
- make the right choice more often - accuracy ←
- breed from them ASAP - generation interval ←
- identify differences between animals - variation ←

How fast you make genetic progress is dependent on how you balance these factors.

How does genomics help?



Selection accuracy:

More information coming from “relatives”

Generation Interval:

Identifying earlier who carries good genes

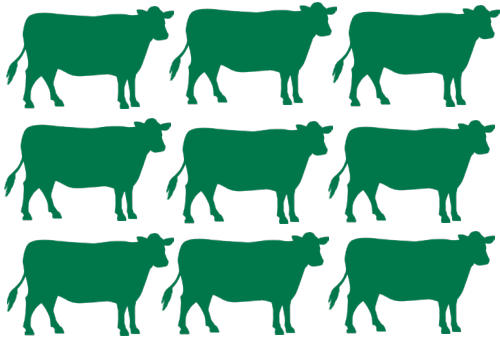
Variation:

Traits that we can't measure any other way



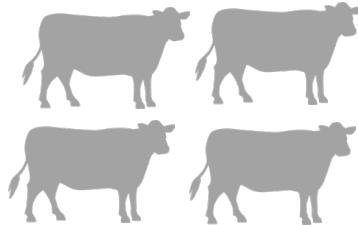
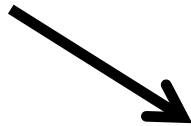
Genomics can be used to drive faster rates of genetic gain.

Genomics – basic principle



Reference population:

- measuring phenotypes and genotypes
- hard to measure traits
- late in life traits.




Industry animals:

- DNA tests on young animals
- predict breeding values based on genomic
- relationship and traits measured in reference.

BREEDPLAN Developments

- BREEDPLAN includes genomics (single-step)
 - Brahman (2017)
 - Hereford (2017)
 - Angus (2017)
 - Wagyu (2018)
 - Santa Gertrudis (2021)
 - Droughtmaster (soon)

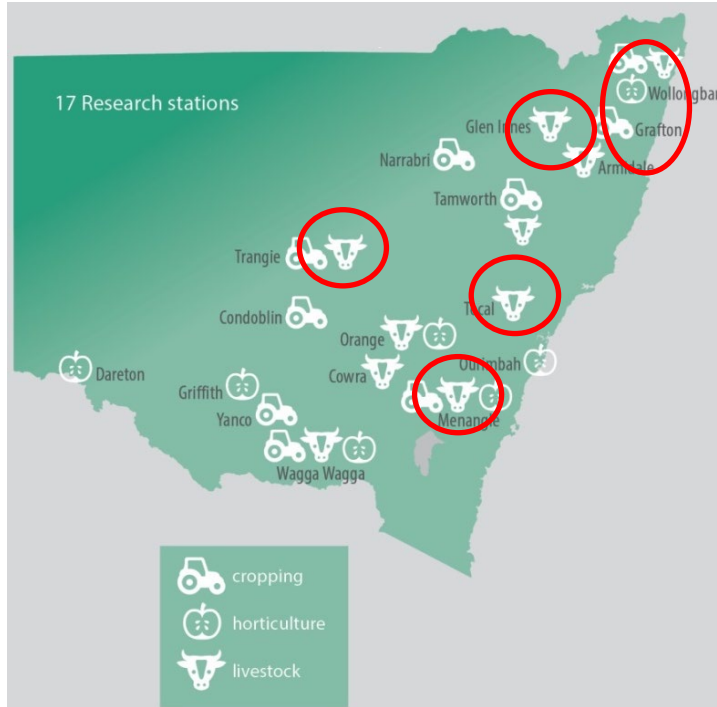


Major breeds
using genomics

Improving **within-breed** genetic evaluation and developing multi-breed genetic evaluation with the Southern Multi-Breed Project

Southern Multi-Breed helping within-breed genetic evaluation

Research Stations



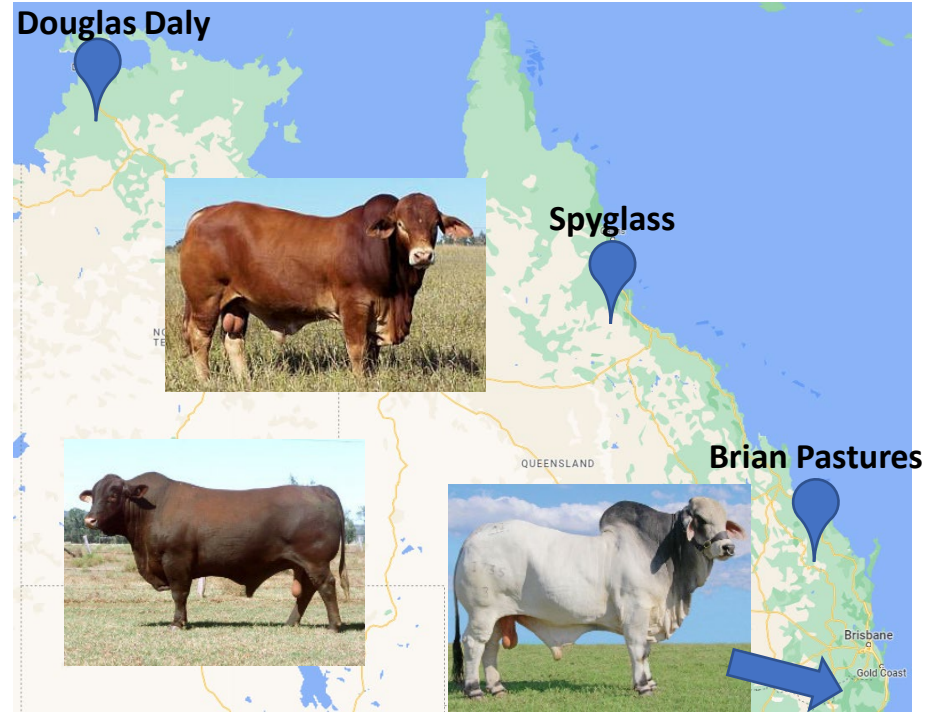
Site Diversity



Southern Multibreed



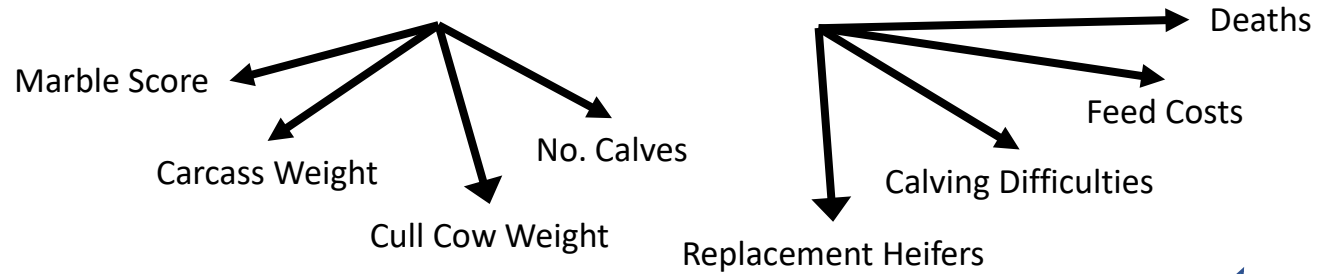
Repronomics



Commercial Profit

$$\text{Profit} = \text{Income} - \text{Costs}$$

Hard-to-Measure

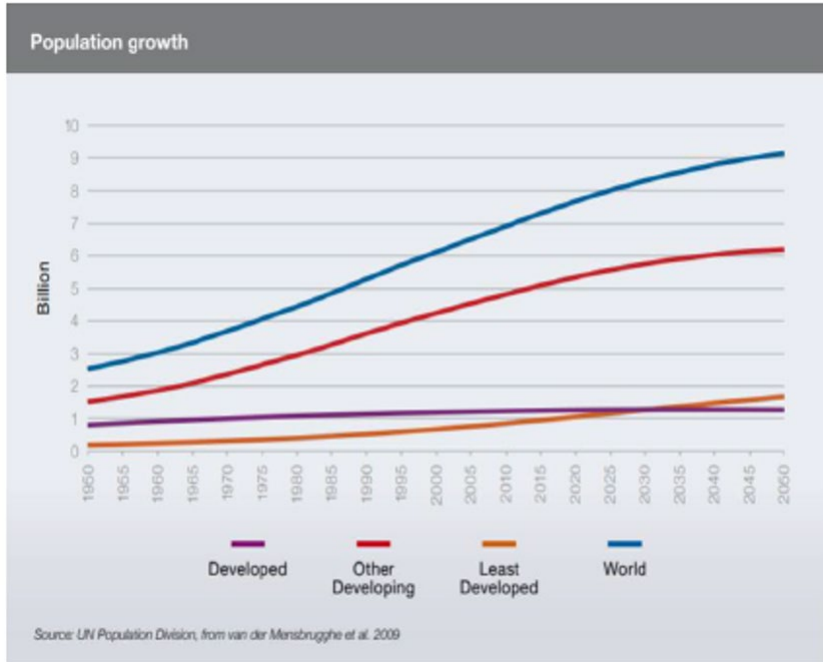


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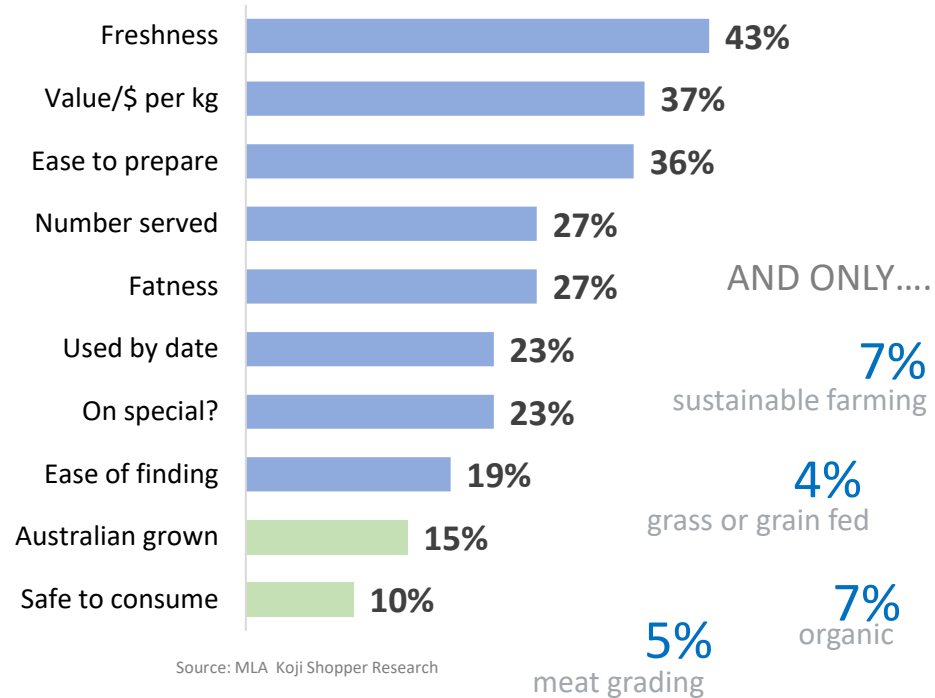
Current BREEDPLAN Traits

| Growth | Repro | Carcase | Others |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Birth Wt | Gestation Length | Scan (live) | Feed Efficiency |
| Weaning Wt | Calving Ease | Carcase Wt | Temperament |
| Yearling Wt | Days to Calving | Marbling | Structure |
| Sale Wt | | Rump/Rib Fat | |
| Mature Wt | | Eye Muscle | |
| | | Tenderness (SF) | |

Growing Population



Purchasing decisions



An extra 1 BILLION people to feed every 15 years

<https://news.un.org/en/story/2017/06/560022-world-population-hit-98-billion-2050-despite-nearly-universal-lower-fertility>; UN Dept of Economic & Social Affairs, 2017



REDUCERS: Consumers who are reducing RM consumption not as big as 'noise' suggests. Price and health driving reduction.

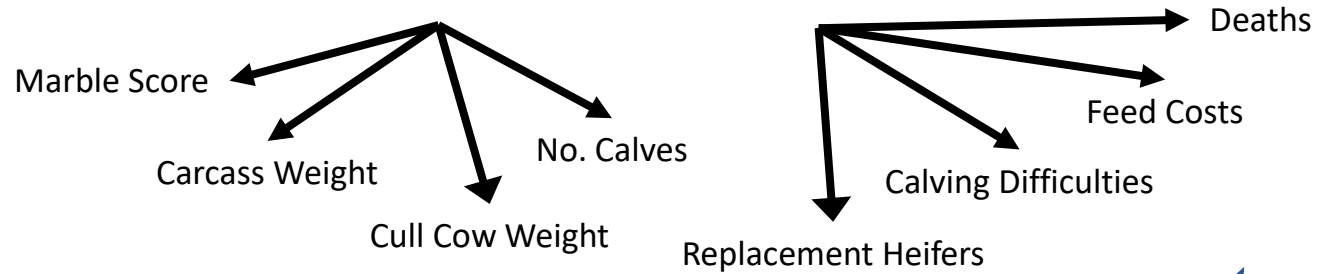
- Less than **1 in 3** consumers are **reducing** their red meat consumption
- Proportion of reducers has **remained stable** for over a decade
- **Price, health perceptions, environmental and animal welfare concerns** are driving reduction



So what? Address concerns of reducers to help them feel good about eating red meat.

Commercial Profit

$$\text{Profit} = \text{Income} - \text{Costs}$$



• What about future Profit?

- Eating experience
- Welfare
- Horns
- Health benefits
- Health
- Methane

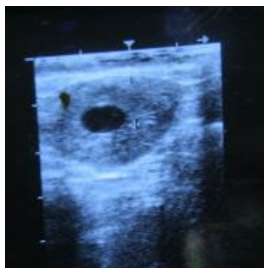


New Traits



Age at Puberty

1st Calf Re-breed



Cow Composition



Source: E. Toohey



Source: P. McGilchrist



Horn/Poll

Immune Competence



Methane

Source: M. Wolcott



Department of Primary Industries



Improving within-breed genetic evaluation and developing **multi-breed** genetic evaluation with the Southern Multi-Breed Project



Southern Multi-Breed helping multi-breed genetic development

Designed Research Program

- Breeds in Southern Australia with highest BREEDPLAN registrations + Brahman

Charolais



Hereford



Shorthorn



Angus



Brahman



Wagyu

Managed Head-to-Head



Designed Research Program

- Purebred matings = Purebred calves[#]
- Designed mating
 - Avoid inbreeding
- Produce comparable progeny
 - All in – All out (No cull, no draft)



Grafton Matings[#]

| | | Cow breed | | |
|---------------|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | AA | BB | HH |
| Bull Breed | AA | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | BB | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | HH | | ✓ | ✓ |



M. Woods 2022



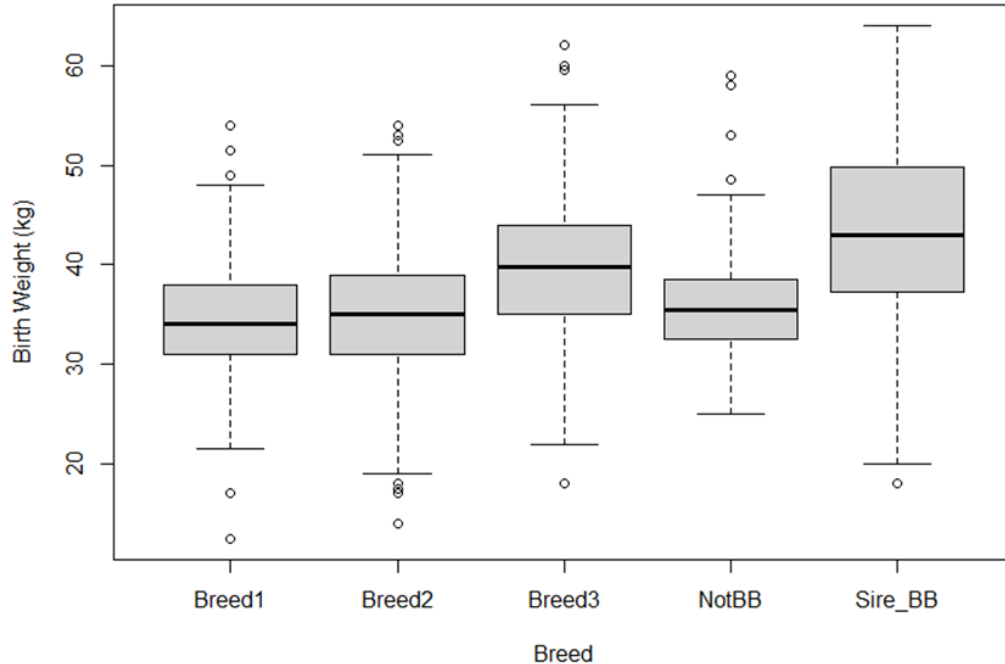
S. Mortimer 2022



Improving within-breed genetic evaluation and developing multi-breed genetic evaluation with the Southern Multi-Breed Project

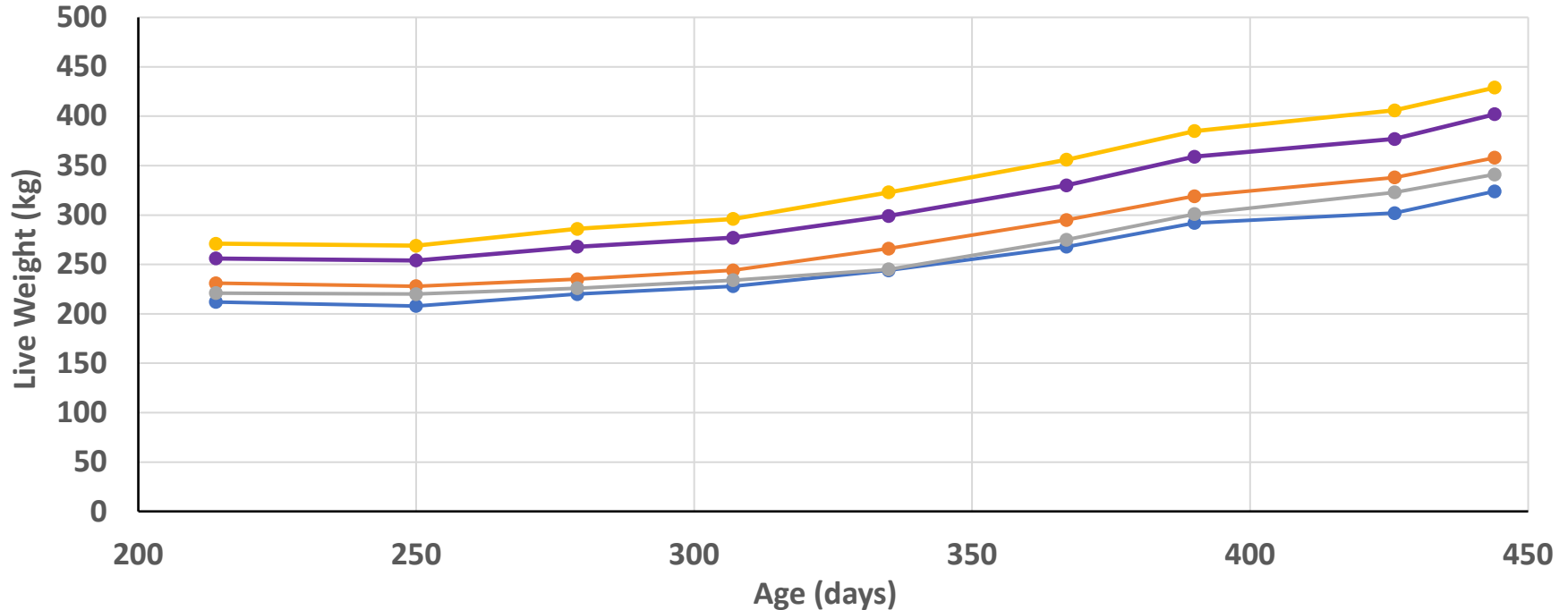
Key Learnings

Research Learnings - SMB



- Variation within breeds
- Crossing breeding
 - Similar to Grafton 70s & 80s
- Important ramifications

Research Learnings - SMB



Research Learnings - Repronomics



Daughter
Fertility?



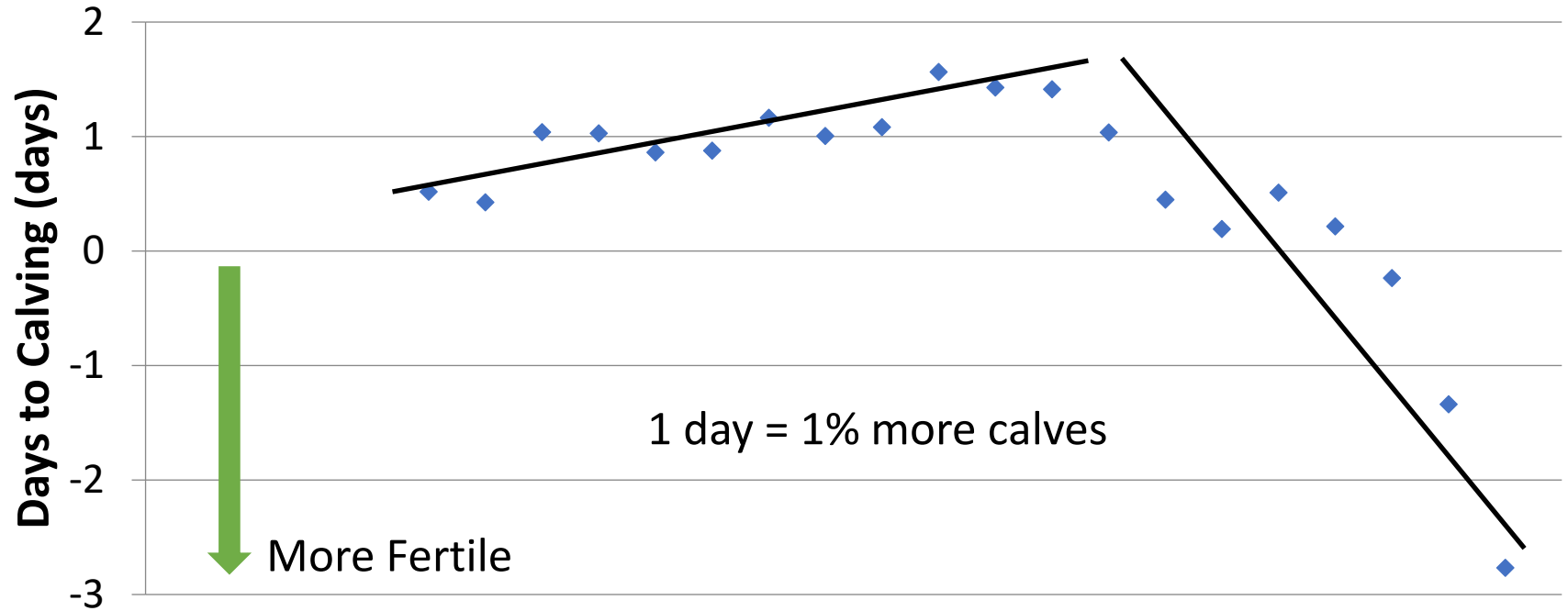
Puberty → 8.9 months
Recycle → 4.4 months



20 day difference
DTC EBV

Repronomics^{MT} -
Johnston 2021

Research Impact - Brahman



Research Impact - Brahman



| November 2022 Brahman BREEDPLAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Gestation Length (days) | Birth Wt. (kg) | 200 Day Wt (kg) | 400 Day Wt (kg) | 600 Day Wt (kg) | Mat Cow Wt (kg) | Milk (kg) | Scrotal Size (cm) | Days to Calving (days) | Carcase Wt (kg) | Eye Muscle Area (sq.cm) | Rib Fat (mm) | Rump Fat (mm) | Retail Beef Yield (%) | IMF (%) | Percent Normal Sperm (%) | Flight Time (secs) | Shear Force (kgs) | |
| +0.1 | +3.4 | +22 | +29 | +39 | +46 | +1 | +1.7 | -4.9 | +22 | +2.6 | -0.7 | -1.4 | - | 0.0 | - | -0.11 | +0.11 | |
| 25% | 49% | 53% | 54% | 56% | 53% | 36% | 41% | 34% | 45% | 36% | 38% | 49% | - | 29% | - | 42% | 38% | |

Traits Analysed: Genomics



| November 2022 Brahman BREEDPLAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Gestation Length (days) | Birth Wt. (kg) | 200 Day Wt (kg) | 400 Day Wt (kg) | 600 Day Wt (kg) | Mat Cow Wt (kg) | Milk (kg) | Scrotal Size (cm) | Days to Calving (days) | Carcase Wt (kg) | Eye Muscle Area (sq.cm) | Rib Fat (mm) | Rump Fat (mm) | Retail Beef Yield (%) | IMF (%) | Percent Normal Sperm (%) | Flight Time (secs) | Shear Force (kgs) | |
| 0.0 | +4.3 | +21 | +27 | +38 | +53 | 0 | -0.3 | +8.3 | +26 | +3.1 | -1.2 | -1.4 | +0.9 | -0.4 | - | +0.03 | -0.08 | |
| 44% | 55% | 58% | 59% | 60% | 56% | 36% | 45% | 34% | 49% | 35% | 37% | 47% | 25% | 30% | - | 43% | 38% | |

Traits Analysed: Genomics



Others Findings

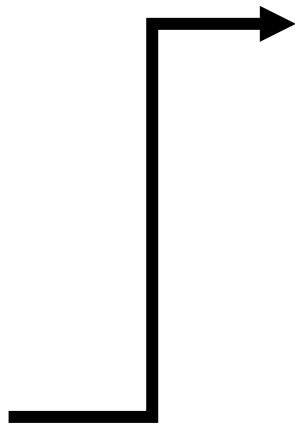


↑
worst

\$2076
difference

↑
best

Carcass
Value?



sire averages

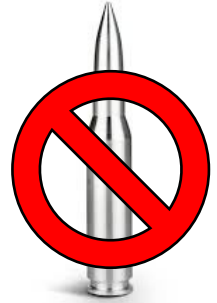
\$619
difference

Acknowledgements

- David Johnston (AGBU - Repronomics)
- Leadership Team: Kath Donoghue, Jason Siddell & Sam Clark
- Other Scientists (DPI, UNE, AGBU & CSIRO)
- Management and staff at Trangie, Grafton, Tocal, Glen Innes, EMAI, North Coast and Tullimba
- All technical staff (DPI, UNE & CSIRO)
- Project partners – AI, DNA, Merchandise, Breeders, Breed Societies, Producers

Take home messages

- Work needed to capture benefits of genomics
- Investment in Southern Multibreed and Repronomics™
- Southern Multibreed benefits to emerge in the future
- Repronomics™ benefits can be seen in:
 - Brahman
 - Santa
 - Droughtmaster



Tools and resources

- BREEDPLAN - Tropical breeds already benefiting
- BreedObject \$Indexes

<https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/animals-and-livestock/beef-cattle/breeding/southern-multi-breed-smb-project/project-overview>

- Google – Southern Multibreed