



meatup FORUM

For the latest in red meat R&D

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We need to talk... About the weather

Emma Thomas



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My business

Family partnership

Between Cowra and Forbes running south toward Grenfell

A typical business for this region, merino sheep, feedlot lambs and cropping

RWS Accredited wool

And one day (soon) Carbon Neutral lamb and grain!



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We need to talk...

Framing the conversation

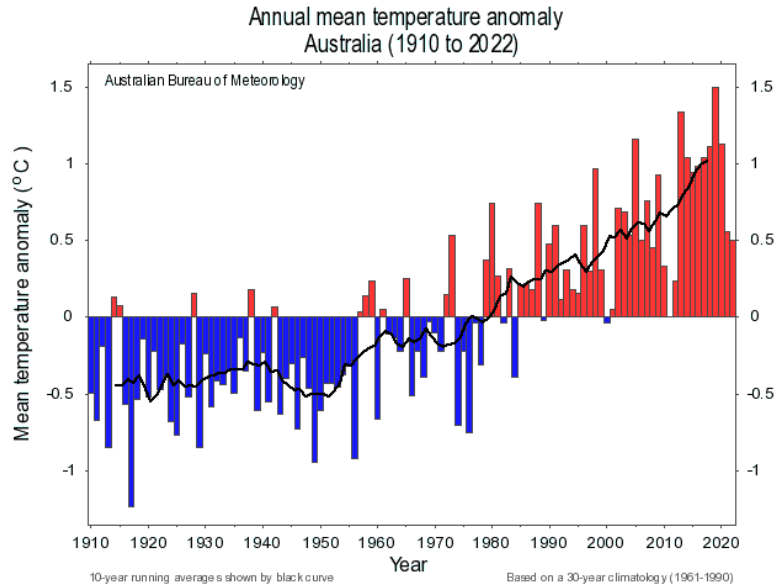
- What have you seen at home, in your community and in Australia?
 - Ask, listen, and look for shared experiences
- Adaptation
- Opportunities



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Framing the conversation!

Australia: record temperatures



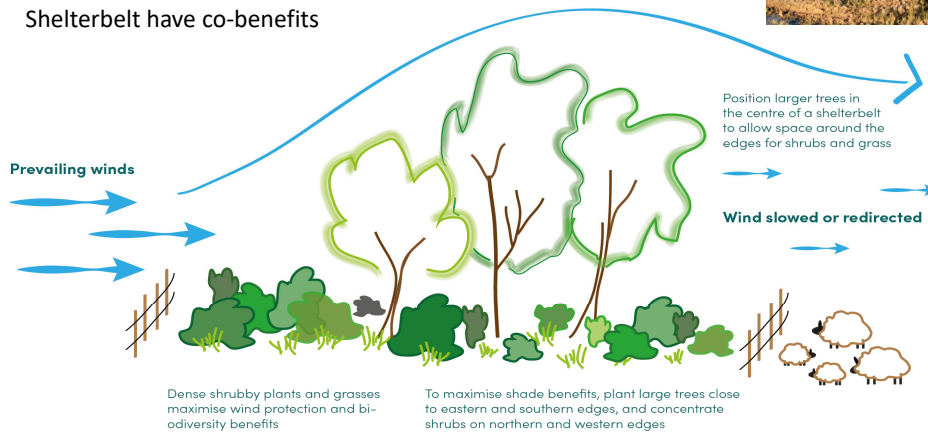
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Reframe - Adaptation

'The process of adjustment to actual climate and the effects'



Shelterbelts have co-benefits



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Carbon Neutral Agriculture Supply chain responses to Paris Agreement

- **Fonterra**
 - Climate-neutral growth to 2030 for pre-farmgate emissions from a 2015 base year
- **Unilever**
 - Reducing the GHG impact of their products by 50% by 2030, compared to baseline of 2010
- **Mondelez**
 - Reduce absolute GHG from manufacturing 15%
 - 100% renewable energy
- **Nestle**
 - Zero environmental impact in our operations
- **Heineken**
 - Carbon neutral barley-malt supply chain
- **Rabobank**
 - Carbon neutral supply chains
- **Mars**
 - Reduce GHG across our value chain 27% by 2025 and 67% by 2050 (from 2015 levels)
- **Kellogg Company**
 - 65% reduction by 2050
 - 100% renewable energy
- **Pfizer**
 - 60 to 80% by 2050
- **Wilmar international**
 - 89.72% less GHG from 2013 to 2020
 - 100% renewable energy
- **Olam**
 - Reduce GHGs by 50% by 2030 both in our own operations and in our supply chain
 - By 2050, we aspire to be carbon positive in operations, requiring a 5% emissions reduction per year from 2031 – 2050



Carbon neutral barley-malt supply chain



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What is carbon farming?

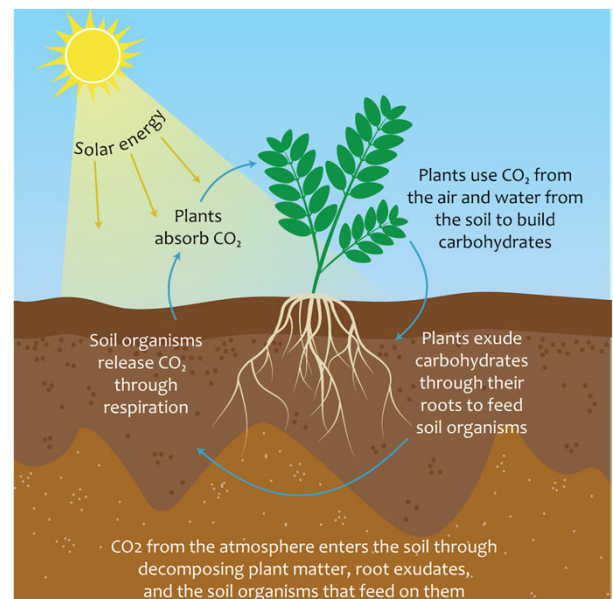
- A change in farm management that leads to either **a reduction in emissions** or **a removal of carbon dioxide** from the atmosphere.

Emissions reduction:

- Livestock/Waste
- Fire
- Fertilizer use

Carbon removal:

- Reforestation
- Soil carbon/Biochar
- Methane digester



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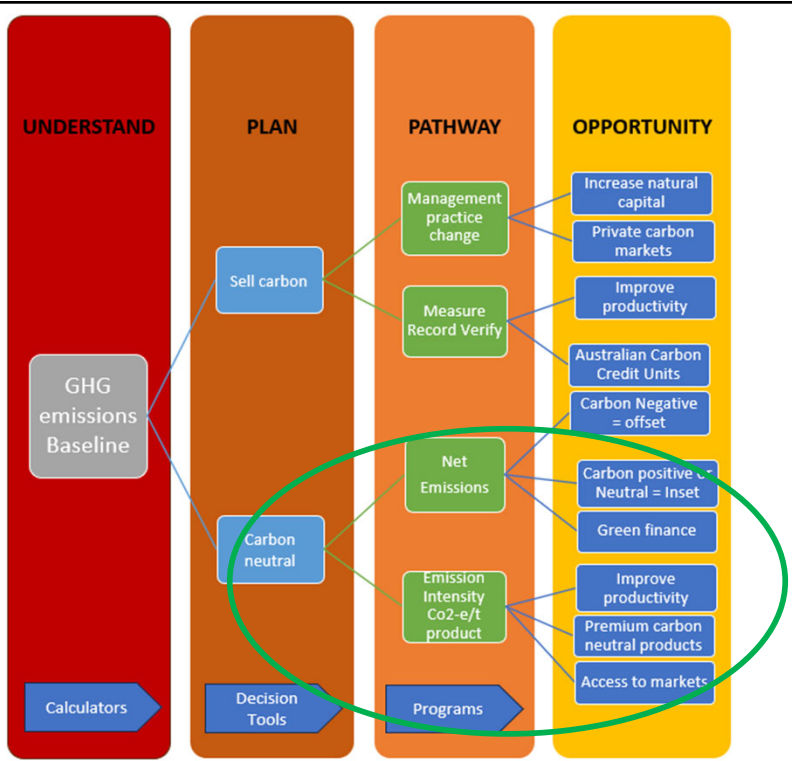
Carbon Opportunity Decision Support Tool

The Emissions Reduction Fund
 Private Carbon Markets
 Sustainability linked loans
 Carbon neutral certification
 Productivity gains

Overall carbon footprint
 Carbon Positive: Emitting more than you sequester / offset
 Carbon Neutral: Emissions equal sequestration / offsets
 Carbon Negative: Sequestering / offsetting more than you emit

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What options are there?



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How do we calculate our Net Emissions

Net Emissions = Emissions – sinks/stocks

Measure Emissions

- Scope 1 Direct emissions
 - Livestock – enteric digestion
- Scope 2 Energy
 - Energy consumption
- Scope 3 Indirect Inputs
 - Along value chain

Measure Carbon Sinks

- Soil carbon
- Paddock trees
- Shelter belts
- Forage shrubs
- Remnant vegetation
- Riparian zones

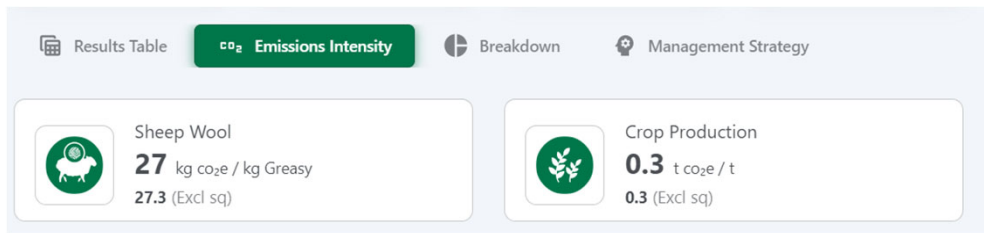
Stocks can be used to offset our own emissions



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Emissions Intensity

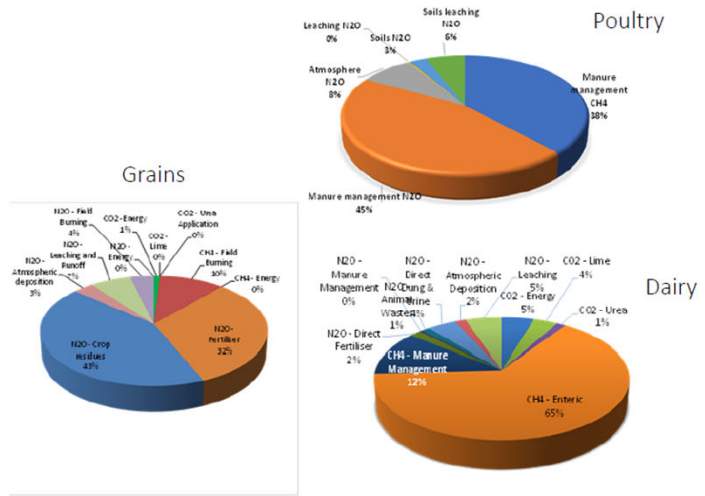
Emissions intensity = Kg CO₂ e (emitted) / Kg product (meat/wool)



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Emissions Intensity

- Chicken meat
 - 1.8 to 2.2 kg CO₂e/kg carcass weight
- Grain production
 - 0.10 to 0.25 kg CO₂e/kg grain
- Dairy
 - 1.0 to 1.2 kg CO₂e/kg FPCM
 - 8 to 21 t CO₂e/t MS
- Red meat production
 - 20 to 26 kg CO₂e/kg carcass weight
- Wine
 - 0.6 to 1.5 kg CO₂e/L



Wiedeman et al. (2015); Browne et al. (2011); Alvarez-Hess et al. (2019); Abbott et al. (2016)

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MLA Carbon Calculator

SCOPE 1 EMISSIONS T CO ₂ E/FARM	BEEF	SHEEP	CROP	TOTAL
CO ₂ - Fuel	15	18.5	77.3	111
CO ₂ - Lime	2.06	9.28	91.7	103
CO ₂ - Urea			34.9	34.9
CH ₄ - Fuel	0.002	0.003	0.01	0.02
CH ₄ - Enteric Fermentation		2688		2688
CH ₄ - Manure Management		127		127
CH ₄ - Savanna or Field Burning				
N ₂ O - Fertiliser			95.4	95.4

Data required

- Livestock numbers per season
- Live weight and Live weight gain
- Wool inventory
- Purchase / Sales
- Fertilizer and chemical applications and area planted to each crop type
- Energy consumption
- Fuel use
- Vegetation types



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GAF Tool - carbon calculator

Enter your farm data for each animal class and season Farm Name

Choose your region in Australia

Please answer this question - Does your farm get enough rainfall or irrigation to drain through the soil profile i.e. typically above 600mm

Livestock Numbers	Seasons Spring Summer Autumn Winter Average	Maiden Breeding ewes					
		Rams	Wethers	Breeding ewes	Other ewes	Ewe lambs	Wether Lambs

Liveweight	Seasons Spring Summer Autumn Winter Average	Maiden Breeding ewes					
		Rams	Wethers	Breeding ewes	Other ewes	Ewe lambs	Wether Lambs


Live weight gain (LWG)	Seasons Spring Summer Autumn Winter Average	Maiden Breeding ewes					
		Rams	Wethers	Breeding ewes	Other ewes	Ewe lambs	Wether Lambs

Feed Availability	Seasons Spring Summer Autumn Winter Average	Maiden Breeding ewes					
		Rams	Wethers	Breeding ewes	Other ewes	Ewe lambs	Wether Lambs
		3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20
		3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
		1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
		2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

Purchase inventory
No. head purchased
Purchase weight (LW/kg)

	Seasons Spring Summer Autumn Winter Average	Maiden Breeding ewes					
		Rams	Wethers	Breeding ewes	Other ewes	Ewe lambs	Wether Lambs

Navigation: > ... Data summary | Data input - beef | **Data input - sheep** | Data input - vegetation | Enteric fermentation - beef | Enteric ferment.



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What if my emissions are greater than my sinks

Management Strategies

- Identify ways to reduce Emissions
- Create a Whole Farm Carbon Management Plan
- Measure over time to see the difference between Baseline, Year 1

Results Table | CO_2 Emissions Intensity | Breakdown | **Management Strategy**

Management Strategy
Strategies to reduce your emissions

Enteric Fermentation 77%

- Herd management
- Genetics
- Feed efficiency
- Diet manipulation
- Legumes and forages

[Click to learn more](#)

Fertiliser 6%

- Nitrogen sources- Fertiliser: N₂O

[Click to learn more](#)



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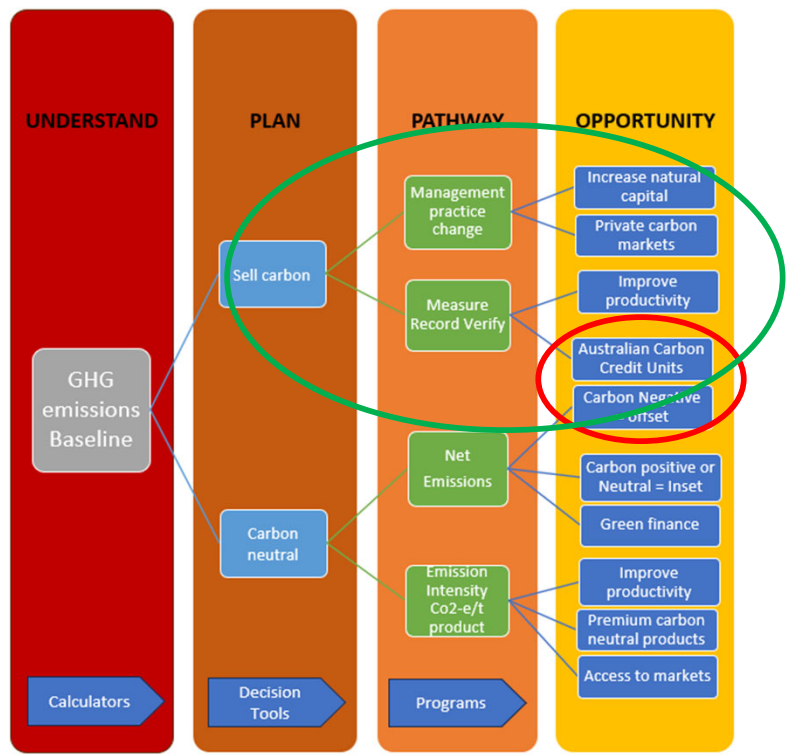
What are we doing to reduce our emissions?

- Implementing eID to manage animal performance in feedlot
- Reduce days on earth
- Retaining high performing animals
- Reducing inputs - cover crops, pasture cropping, green fertilizers
- Increasing groundcover to improve soil health
- Energy – moving to renewables (solar development)



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What options are there?

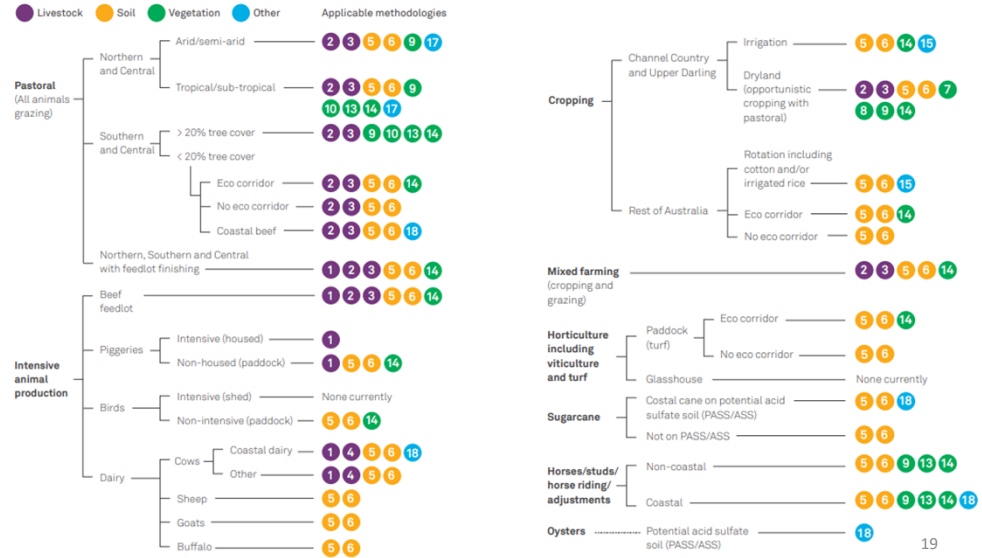


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A Farmers handbook to on-farm carbon management

② Carbon management methodology decision tree

Find out which carbon management methodologies apply to your farm enterprise by using the following decision tree, starting off with your farming practice. Once you have identified your applicable methodologies, head to pages 12-13 to read short summaries of each. Long descriptions of each methodology can be found on the pages listed.



How does the carbon market work?

Read the Clean Energy Regulator's [website](#)
 Tools like CSIRO's [LOOC-C](#)
 can assist in estimating return (with caution!)

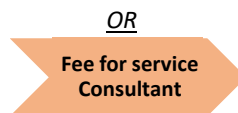
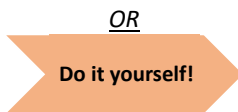


Look out for the industry Code of conduct

ACCUs are a financial product
 Require financial service licence to buy, sell and trade in the carbon market



Requires consent from person/ organisation with specific legal interest in land



Apply, establish a contract. Measure Report & Verify (audit)

- Developers can be expensive
- DIY is a lots of preparation & time
- Consultant, up-front cost to establish, but no profit share

What is the market doing?





Prove it or lose it

We need good data to calculate net emissions to maximise opportunities

Farmers need to maintain a positive social licence

ASIC is taking action against businesses that greenwash

Australian Farmers Terms of Trade might include carbon one day

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Take home messages

- Conversations about climate change and the drivers for going carbon neutral can
 - Reframe to find solutions for adaptations that make your business more resilient
 - Explore emerging opportunities in the carbon market that suit your business
- Carbon is a new commodity – just need to understand the opportunities and risks
 - Increased production, efficiencies and co-benefits
 - Access to emerging markets, for carbon neutral products, green finance ACCU's
- Data is paramount we need good record keeping
 - to calculate our emissions and sinks over time
 - we need to show the results to benefit from the gains.

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Tools and resources

- CODST [Carbon Opportunity Decision Support Tool](#)
- A Farmers Handbook to on-farm carbon management carboncount.com
- MLA Carbon Calculator [MLA Carbon Calculator](#)
- GAF Tool [Primary Industries Climate Challenges Centre](#)
- Soil Organic Carbon Reserves and Transformations in EcoSystems [SOCRATES - Home](#)
- Carbon Farming Opportunities for NSW [Home \(pairtree.co\)](https://pairtree.co)
- Methane Emissions Management Strategy [Department of Primary Industries](#)

